

Package ‘FEA’

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Type Package

Title Finite Element Modeling for R

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Description Finite element modeling of 2D geometries using constant strain triangles. Applies material properties and boundary conditions (load and constraint) to generate a finite element model. The model produces stress, strain, and nodal displacements; a heat map is available to demonstrate regions where output variables are high or low. Also provides options for creating a triangular mesh of 2D geometries. Package developed with reference to: Bathe, K. J. (1996). Finite Element Procedures.[ISBN 978-0-9790049-5-7] -- Se-shu, P. (2012). Textbook of Finite Element Analysis. [ISBN-978-81-203-2315-5] -- Mustapha, K. B. (2018). Finite Element Computations in Mechanics with R. [ISBN 9781315144474].

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R topics documented:

ApplyBC	2
AutoAdjust	3
bound	4
Cart	5
cleanpoly	5

dime	5
Dimensions	6
displacN	7
ElementMat	7
ExpandDEM	8
ExpandSFT	9
expSurf	10
fea_EM	10
fea_ExEM	10
fea_result	11
FEMStrain	11
FEMStress	13
ForceVector	14
glfor	15
GLForces	16
GlobalMat	17
gloMat	17
load	18
LocalStress	18
ManualAdjust	19
NodeDis	20
PlotSystem	21
polyshape	22
ReducedEM	23
ReducedSF	24
reduc_EM	24
reduc_SF	25
SinglePoly	25
SurfaceTraction	26
SurfTrac	27
ThreshPts	27
triangulate0	28
triMesh	29

Index**30**

ApplyBC

*ApplyBC***Description**

Boundary constraint for element centroids based on coordinate points. For the x & y direction per centroid create matrix with boundary 1(unfixed) or 0(fixed).

Usage

```
ApplyBC(meshP, BoundConx, BoundCony)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh
BoundConx	Boundary constraint for nodes in the x-direction
BoundCony	Boundary constraint for nodes in the y-direction

Value

A data frame with constraint parameters applied to each node in the x and y directions. Formatted for use in reduced element matrix.

NodeKnownL	Constraint parameters
------------	-----------------------

Examples

```
data(triMesh)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
BoundConx = BoundCony = numeric(NROW(meshP))
BoundConx[1:NROW(meshP)] = BoundCony[1:NROW(meshP)] = 1
BoundConx[c(10, 11, 12)] = BoundCony[c(10, 11, 12)] = 0

bound = ApplyBC(meshP, BoundConx, BoundCony)
```

Description

Allows for automatic refinement of the triangular mesh generated based on given parameters. Will remove elements that are outside the margin of the geometry.

Usage

```
AutoAdjust(meshP, meshT, edge, centroid, AspectR, AR)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
edge	Coordinate points of the initial geometry.
centroid	Matrix (2 x n) of triangle elements.
AspectR	Aspect ratio of each triangle element.
AR	maximum desired aspect ratio, numeric value.

Value

Generates new mesh and centroid tables

Meshpts	Includes both new mesh coordinate points and triangulation of points.
Centroids	Centroid positions for each triangle element.

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(polyshape)
data(dime)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
edge = polyshape$Line
centroid = triMesh$Centroids
AspectR = dime$AspectRatio
AR = 10

auto = AutoAdjust(meshP, meshT, edge, centroid, AspectR, AR)
```

bound

*Boundary conditions applied to each node. Obtained from function:
ApplyBC*

Description

Boundary conditions applied to each node. Obtained from function: ApplyBC

Usage

bound

Format

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 100 rows and 1 columns.

Cart	<i>Sample geometry. Matrix with x and y coordinates for initial shape.</i>
------	--

Description

Sample geometry. Matrix with x and y coordinates for initial shape.

Usage

Cart

Format

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 11 rows and 2 columns.

cleanpoly	<i>Cleaned nodal distribution in and on polygon. Obtained from function: Threshpts</i>
-----------	--

Description

Cleaned nodal distribution in and on polygon. Obtained from function: `Threshpts`

Usage

cleanpoly

Format

An object of class `list` of length 2.

dime	<i>Dimensional data for mesh elements. Includes area, length, aspect ratio, angles and lengths of elements. Obtained from function: Dimensions</i>
------	--

Description

Dimensional data for mesh elements. Includes area, length, aspect ratio, angles and lengths of elements. Obtained from function: `Dimensions`

Usage

dime

Format

An object of class `list` of length 6.

Dimensions

Dimensions

Description

Calculates dimensional values for each triangular element, including truss length & angles, distance from nodal point to centroid, aspect ratio of each triangle element, and area of the triangle.

Usage

```
Dimensions(meshP, meshT, centroid)
```

Arguments

<code>meshP</code>	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
<code>meshT</code>	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
<code>centroid</code>	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the centroid of each triangular element.

Value

Evaluation of triangle elements truss, angle, and area.

<code>Truss</code>	Nodal pairs that form each truss.
<code>TrussLength</code>	Distance between each paired nodes forming a truss, its length.
<code>Dist2Cent</code>	Shortest distance from truss to triangle centroid.
<code>Truss angle</code>	Angles of the triangle created from truss meeting.
<code>AspectRatio</code>	Aspect ratio of triangle elements.
<code>Area</code>	Area within triangle elements.

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(polyshape)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
centroid = triMesh$Centroids

dime = Dimensions(meshP, meshT, centroid)
```

displacN*Global nodal displacement, obtained from function: NodeDis*

Description

Global nodal displacement, obtained from function: NodeDis

Usage

```
displacN
```

Format

An object of class `list` of length 2.

ElementMat*ElementMat*

Description

Generates an element stiffness matrix

Usage

```
ElementMat(meshP, meshT, Nu, Y, Thick)
```

Arguments

<code>meshP</code>	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
<code>meshT</code>	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
<code>Nu</code>	Value of Poisson's ratio for each element
<code>Y</code>	Value of Young's (Elastic) modulus for each element
<code>Thick</code>	Value of the thickness of the mesh, a positive value must be given.

Value

Generates initial element matrix needed for the finite element model.

<code>EMPStress</code>	An element matrix of the geometry under stress.
<code>EMPStrain</code>	An element matrix of the geometry under strain.

Examples

```
data(triMesh)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
Y = matrix(20e9, nrow = NROW(meshT))
Nu = matrix(0.45, nrow = NROW(meshT))
Thick = 0.001
DOF = 6

fea_EM = ElementMat(meshP, meshT, Nu, Y, Thick)
```

ExpandEM

ExpandEM

Description

Generates the expanded element matrix, which represents the contribution of individual finite elements towards the global structural matrix

Usage

```
ExpandEM(meshP, meshT, centroid, EMatrixlist)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
centroid	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the centroid of each triangular element.
EMatrixlist	EMPStress or EMPStrain generated from ElementMat function. List of element matrices.

Value

Produces large (n x n) matrix.

ExpandedMat	The expanded element matrix
-------------	-----------------------------

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(fea_EM)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
centroid = triMesh$Centroids
EMatrixlist = fea_EM$EMPStress

fea_ExEM = ExpandEM(meshP, meshT, centroid, EMatrixlist)
```

*ExpandSFT**ExpandSFT*

Description

Generates expanded surface force element matrix from SurfaceTraction function

Usage

```
ExpandSFT(meshP, meshT, SurfTrac)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
SurfTrac	List of surface forces.

Value

Produces a large (n x n) element matrix of surface forces.

ExpandedSurf Expanded surface force element matrix.

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(SurfTrac)

meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p

expSurf = ExpandSFT(meshP, meshT, SurfTrac)
```

expSurf

*Expanded element matrix for surface forces. Obtained from function:
ExpandSFT*

Description

Expanded element matrix for surface forces. Obtained from function: ExpandSFT

Usage

expSurf

Format

An object of class list of length 50.

fea_EM

*List of element matrices for each element. Obtained from function:
ElementMat*

Description

List of element matrices for each element. Obtained from function: ElementMat

Usage

fea_EM

Format

An object of class list of length 2.

fea_ExEM

*List of large expanded element matrices calculated from the element
matrix. Obtained from function: ExpandEM*

Description

List of large expanded element matrices calculated from the element matrix. Obtained from function: ExpandEM

Usage

fea_ExEM

Format

An object of class list of length 78.

fea_result

FEA results. Produces list with results from local stresses including Stress, Strain, and Stress from Strain. Obtained from function: LocalStress

Description

FEA results. Produces list with results from local stresses including Stress, Strain, and Stress from Strain. Obtained from function: LocalStress

Usage

```
fea_result
```

Format

An object of class list of length 3.

FEMStrain

FEMStrain

Description

Creates a complete finite element model using strain for a given 2D mesh under specified boundary conditions (constrain and load).

Usage

```
FEMStrain(meshP, meshT, centroid, BoundConx, BoundCony, SFShear,  
SFTensile, Length, area, Fx, Fy, Y, Nu, Thick)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
centroid	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the centroid of each triangular element.
BoundConx	Boundary constraint for nodes in the x-direction
BoundCony	Boundary constraint for nodes in the y-direction

SFShear	Magnitude of positive shear traction; if there is no surface traction then SFShear = 0
SFTensile	Magnitude of tensile surface traction; if there is no surface traction then SFTensile = 0
Length	Truss length
area	Triangle element area
Fx	Load vector for the x-direction
Fy	Load vector for the y-direction
Y	Value of Young's (Elastic) modulus
Nu	Value of Poisson's ratio
Thick	Value of the thickness of the mesh, a value must be given.

Value

Completes the FEM to generate values of stress and strain and nodal displacement.

NodeDisplacement

Node displacement on each axis

LocalStress Stress as calculated from stress, strain, and stress from strain. Three (3) [3 x n] matrices where [x, y, tau]

Examples

```

data(triMesh)
data(dime)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
centroid = triMesh$Centroids
Y = matrix(20e9, nrow = NROW(meshT))
Nu = matrix(0.45, nrow = NROW(meshT))
Thick = 0.001
DOF = 6
BoundConx = BoundCony = numeric(NROW(meshP))
BoundConx[1:NROW(meshP)] = BoundCony[1:NROW(meshP)] = 1
BoundConx[c(10, 11, 12)] = BoundCony[c(10, 11, 12)] = 0
SFShear = 0
SFTensile = 0
Length = dime$TrussLength
area = dime$Area
Fx = 10
Fy = 10

fea_strain = FEMStrain(meshP, meshT, centroid, BoundConx, BoundCony, SFShear, SFTensile,
Length, area, Fx, Fy, Y, Nu, Thick)

PlotVal = abs(fea_strain$LocalStress$Stress[,1])

```

```

Oc = "slateblue"; ac = "steelblue2"; bc = "cyan2"; cc = "palegreen2";
dc = "darkolivegreen1"; ec = "lemonchiffon"; fc = "lightgoldenrod1"; gc = "gold";
hc= "lightsalmon"; ic= "tomato"; jc= "firebrick3"
a = 1e5; b = 5e5; c = 1e6; d = 5e6; e = 1e7; f = 5e7; g = 1e8; h = 5e8; i = 1e9; j =5e9

PlotSystem(meshP, meshT, PlotVal, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j,
          Oc, ac, bc, cc, dc, ec, fc, gc, hc, ic, jc)

```

FEMStress

*FEMStress***Description**

Creates a complete finite element model using stress for a given 2D mesh under specified boundary conditions (constrain and load).

Usage

```
FEMStress(meshP, meshT, centroid, BoundConx, BoundCony, SFShear,
          SFTensile, Length, area, Fx, Fy, Y, Nu, Thick)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
centroid	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the centroid of each triangular element.
BoundConx	Boundary constraint for nodes in the x-direction
BoundCony	Boundary constraint for nodes in the y-direction
SFShear	Magnitude of positive shear traction; if there is no surface traction then SFShear = 0
SFTensile	Magnitude of tensile surface traction; if there is no surface traction then SFTensile = 0
Length	Truss length
area	Triangle element area
Fx	Load vector for the x-direction
Fy	Load vector for the y-direction
Y	Value of Young's (Elastic) modulus
Nu	Value of Poisson's ratio
Thick	Value of the thickness of the mesh, a value must be given.

Value

Completes the FEM to generate values of stress and strain and nodal displacement.

NodeDisplacement

Node displacement on each axis

LocalStress Stress as calculated from stress, strain, and stress from strain. Three (3) [3 x n] matrices where [x, y, tau]

Examples

```

data(triMesh)
data(dime)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
centroid = triMesh$Centroids
Y = matrix(20e9, nrow = NROW(meshT))
Nu = matrix(0.45, nrow = NROW(meshT))
Thick = 0.001
DOF = 6
BoundConx = BoundCony = numeric(NROW(meshP))
BoundConx[1:NROW(meshP)] = BoundCony[1:NROW(meshP)] = 1
BoundConx[c(10, 11, 12)] = BoundCony[c(10, 11, 12)] = 0
SFShear = 0
SFTensile = 0
Length = dime$TrussLength
area = dime$Area
Fx = 10
Fy = 10

fea_stress = FEMStress(meshP, meshT, centroid, BoundConx, BoundCony, SFShear, SFTensile,
                      Length, area, Fx, Fy, Y, Nu, Thick)

PlotVal = abs(fea_stress$LocalStress$Stress[,1])
Oc = "slateblue"; ac = "steelblue2"; bc = "cyan2"; cc = "palegreen2";
dc = "darkolivegreen1"; ec = "lemonchiffon"; fc = "lightgoldenrod1"; gc = "gold";
hc= "lightsalmon"; ic= "tomato"; jc= "firebrick3"
a = 1e5; b = 5e5; c = 1e6; d = 5e6; e = 1e7; f = 5e7; g = 1e8; h = 5e8; i = 1e9; j =5e9

PlotSystem(meshP, meshT, PlotVal, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j,
           Oc, ac, bc, cc, dc, ec, fc, gc, hc, ic, jc)

```

Description

Creates a matrix of loads in the x & y direction for each load unconstrained node.

Usage

```
ForceVector(Fx, Fy, RSF, meshP, NodeKnownL)
```

Arguments

Fx	Load vector for the x-direction
Fy	Load vector for the y-direction
RSF	If surface traction is present assign value as the ReducedSF matrix; if there is no surface traction set RSF = 0
meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
NodeKnownL	data frame with constraint parameters applied to each node in the x and y directions. Formatted for use in reduced element matrix. Generated from ApplyBC function.

Value

Produces a matrix with loading parameters for each node.

ReducedFV	Reduced force vector matrix containing the model load parameters.
-----------	---

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(reduc_SF)
data(bound)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
RSF = reduc_SF
Fx = 10
Fy = 10
NodeKnownL = bound

load = ForceVector(Fx, Fy, RSF, meshP, NodeKnownL)
```

glfor

*Global and Local loading force matrices obtained from function:
GLForces*

Description

Global and Local loading force matrices obtained from function: GLForces

Usage

```
glfor
```

Format

An object of class `list` of length 2.

`GLForces`

GLForces

Description

Uses nodal displacements to determine global and local forces at each node

Usage

```
GLForces(meshP, meshT, GMat, GlobalND, EMATRIXlist)
```

Arguments

<code>meshP</code>	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
<code>meshT</code>	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
<code>GMat</code>	Global matrix
<code>GlobalND</code>	Global nodal displacement
<code>EMATRIXlist</code>	Element matrix list

Value

Matrices of global and local forces

<code>GForce</code>	Large global force matrix.
<code>Lforce</code>	Large local force matrix.

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(gloMat)
data(displacN)
data(fea_EM)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
GMat = gloMat
GlobalND = displacN$GlobalND
EMATRIXlist = fea_EM$EMPStress

glfor = GLForces(meshP, meshT, GMat, GlobalND, EMATRIXlist)
```

GlobalMat

*GlobalMat***Description**

Generates global stiffness matrix - once established, the expanded element matrix must be combined to create the global structural stiffness matrix by adding the expanded matrices.

Usage

```
GlobalMat(meshP, meshT, ExEM)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
ExEM	Expanded element matrix

Value

Produces large (n x n) global matrix

GlobalMat	Global matrix
-----------	---------------

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(fea_ExEM)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
ExEM = fea_ExEM

gloMat = GlobalMat(meshP, meshT, ExEM)
```

gloMat

*Global element matrix, obtained from function: GlobalMat***Description**

Global element matrix, obtained from function: GlobalMat

Usage

```
gloMat
```

Format

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 100 rows and 100 columns.

load	<i>Load vector produced from function function: ForceVector</i>
------	---

Description

Load vector produced from function function: ForceVector

Usage

```
load
```

Format

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 94 rows and 1 columns.

LocalStress	<i>LocalStress</i>
-------------	--------------------

Description

Calculates local stress and strain for triangular elements of the mesh

Usage

```
LocalStress(meshP, meshT, Y, Nu, GlobalND)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
Y	Value of Young's (Elastic) modulus
Nu	Value of Poisson's ratio
GlobalND	Global nodal displacement, return from function NodeDis

Value

Completes FEM by calculating values of stress and strain, produces three (3) [3 x n] matrix.

Strain	Calculated strain. [x, y, tau]
Stress	Calculated stress in pascals. [x, y, tau]
StressStrain	Stress as calculated from strain. [x, y, tau]

Examples

```

data(triMesh)
data(displacN)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
Y = matrix(20e9, nrow = NROW(meshT))
Nu = matrix(0.45, nrow = NROW(meshT))
GlobalND = displacN$GlobalND

fea_result = LocalStress(meshP, meshT, Y, Nu, GlobalND)

```

ManualAdjust

ManualAdjust

Description

Allows for manual refinement of the triangular mesh generated based on given parameters. Will remove triangle elements that are identified in the input (loc).

Usage

```
ManualAdjust(meshP, meshT, edge, centroid, loc)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
edge	Coordinate points of the initial geometry.
centroid	Matrix (2 x n) of triangle elements.
loc	String containing the number of the meshT matrix row of the triangle chosen to be removed.

Value

Generates new mesh and centroid tables

Meshpts	Includes both new mesh coordinate points and triangulation of points.
Centroids	Centroid positions for each triangle element.

Examples

```

data(triMesh)
data(polyshape)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
edge = polyshape$Line
centroid = triMesh$Centroids
loc = c(7, 35, 17)

ManualAdjust(meshP, meshT, edge, centroid, loc)

```

NodeDis

NodeDis

Description

Calculates global nodal displacements

Usage

```
NodeDis(meshP, REM, ForceV, NodeKnownL)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
REM	Reduced element matrix, returned from function ReducedEM.
ForceV	Reduced force vector matrix containing the model load parameters. Returned from function ForceVector.
NodeKnownL	data frame with constraint parameters applied to each node in the x and y directions. Formatted for use in reduced element matrix. Generated from ApplyBC function.

Value

Produces tables with new node coordinates that are produced by the geometry under an applied load.

NodeDis	Nodal displacement
GlobalND	Nodal displacement in the global environment

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(load)
data(reduc_EM)
data(bound)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
REM = reduc_EM
ForceV = load
NodeKnownL = bound

displacN = NodeDis(meshP, REM, ForceV, NodeKnownL)
```

*PlotSystem**PlotSystem*

Description

Generates heat map for given stress or strain on the geometry. Threshold values for the color must be assigned.

Usage

```
PlotSystem(meshP, meshT, PlotVal, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j,
          Oc, ac, bc, cc, dc, ec, fc, gc, hc, ic, jc)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
meshT	Matrix (3 x n) containing the number of the coordinate point that forms a given triangle within the mesh.
PlotVal	Value to be plotted, either stress or strain, return from function LocalStress function.
a	Threshold 1
b	Threshold 2
c	Threshold 3
d	Threshold 4
e	Threshold 5
f	Threshold 6
g	Threshold 7
h	Threshold 8
i	Threshold 9
j	Threshold 10

0c	Color for all zero values
ac	Color 1
bc	Color 2
cc	Color 3
dc	Color 4
ec	Color 5
fc	Color 6
gc	Color 7
hc	Color 8
ic	Color 9
jc	Color 10

Value

Plot of colored polygon with mesh colored based on the plot value

Examples

```

data(triMesh)
data(fea_result)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
meshT = triMesh$MeshPts$T
PlotVal = abs(fea_result$Stress[,1])
0c = "slateblue"; ac = "steelblue2"; bc = "cyan2"; cc = "palegreen2";
dc = "darkolivegreen1"; ec = "lemonchiffon"; fc = "lightgoldenrod1"; gc = "gold";
hc= "lightsalmon"; ic= "tomato"; jc= "firebrick3"
a = 1e5; b = 5e5; c = 1e6; d = 5e6; e = 1e7; f = 5e7; g = 1e8; h = 5e8; i = 1e9; j = 5e9

PlotSystem(meshP, meshT, PlotVal, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j,
          0c, ac, bc, cc, dc, ec, fc, gc, hc, ic, jc)

```

polyshape

Sample geometry converted into a 2D polygon. Polygon data that specifies all coordinate, coordinates that are within the geometry and coordinates that construct the lines of the geometry. Obtained from function: SinglePoly

Description

Sample geometry converted into a 2D polygon. Polygon data that specifies all coordinate, coordinates that are within the geometry and coordinates that construct the lines of the geometry. Obtained from function: SinglePoly

Usage

```
polyshape
```

Format

An object of class list of length 3.

ReducedEM

ReducedEM

Description

Reduced stiffness matrix - use boundary condition to reduce matrix to smaller form by removing systems that are bound.

Usage

```
ReducedEM(GMat, NodeKnownL)
```

Arguments

GMat	Global stiffness matrix
NodeKnownL	data frame with constraint parameters applied to each node in the x and y directions. Formatted for use in reduced element matrix. Generated from ApplyBC function.

Value

Produces a large matrix.

ReducedEM	Reduced element matrix.
-----------	-------------------------

Examples

```
data(gloMat)
data(bound)
GMat = gloMat
NodeKnownL = bound
reduc_EM = ReducedEM(GMat, NodeKnownL)
```

ReducedSF

*ReducedSF***Description**

Reduced matrix of surface forces

Usage

```
ReducedSF(meshP, ExSurf)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
ExSurf	Expanded surface matrix, output from ExpandSFT

Value

Produces a large matrix.

RSF	Produces a large, reduced surface force matrix
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Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(expSurf)
meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
ExSurf = expSurf
reduc_SF = ReducedSF(meshP, ExSurf)
```

reduc_EM

*Reduced element matrix calculated from the expanded element matrix.
Obtained from function: ReducedEM*

Description

Reduced element matrix calculated from the expanded element matrix. Obtained from function: ReducedEM

Usage

```
reduc_EM
```

Format

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 94 rows and 94 columns.

reduc_SF*Reduced surface force matrix calculated from expanded element matrix. Obtained from function: ReducedSF*

Description

Reduced surface force matrix calculated from expanded element matrix. Obtained from function: ReducedSF

Usage

```
reduc_SF
```

Format

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 100 rows and 1 columns.

SinglePoly*SinglePoly*

Description

Generates a mesh for polygon with a single continuous geometry

Usage

```
SinglePoly(x, y, ptDS, ptDL)
```

Arguments

x	X-coordinates for geometry.
y	Y-coordinates for geometry.
ptDS	Density of points desired within the geometry.
ptDL	Density of points desired at the perimeter of the geometry.

Value

Coordinate points of nodes distributed within and on the line of a given geometry.

AllCoords	all coordinate points distributed across the geometry.
Within	all coordinate points within the geometry ONLY.
Line	all coordinate points that lay on the perimeter of the geometry ONLY.

Examples

```
data(Cart)

x = Cart[,1]
y= Cart[,2]
ptDS = 30
ptDL = 20

polyshape = SinglePoly(x, y, ptDS, ptDL)
```

SurfaceTraction *SurfaceTraction.*

Description

Element Surface Traction - generates the column matrix for uniformly distributed surface traction.
If surface traction is not present, assign SFTensile and SFShear a value of 0.

Usage

```
SurfaceTraction(meshP, SFTensile, SFShear, Length, Thick, area)
```

Arguments

meshP	Matrix (2 x n) containing coordinate points of the mesh nodes.
SFTensile	Magnitude of tensile surface traction
SFShear	Magnitude of positive shear traction
Length	Truss length
Thick	Triangle element thickness
area	Triangle element area

Value

List of element matrices containing surface forces.

SurfT List of surface forces for each element.

Examples

```
data(triMesh)
data(dime)

meshP = triMesh$MeshPts$p
SFShear = 0
SFTensile = 0
Thick = 0.001
```

```

Length = dime$TrussLength
area = dime$Area

SurfTrac = SurfaceTraction(meshP, SFTensile, SFShear, Length, Thick, area)

```

SurfTrac

List of element matrices with surface traction. Obtained from function: SurfaceTraction

Description

List of element matrices with surface traction. Obtained from function: SurfaceTraction

Usage

```
SurfTrac
```

Format

An object of class `list` of length 50.

ThreshPts

ThreshPts

Description

Clean node distribution within or outside of geometry. Optional function for complex geometries.

Usage

```
ThreshPts(coords, thresh, edge)
```

Arguments

coords	Nodal coordinates
thresh	Threshold for point removal. Ranges include: 500000-50000000
edge	Coordinate points of the initial geometry.

Value

Coordinate points of valid nodes.

CleanedNodes Matrix of new nodes that abide by given threshold rules.

NodeReport Report identifying which nodes were kept and which were removed.

Examples

```
data(polyshape)

coords = polyshape$Within
thresh = 5000000
edge = polyshape$Line

cleanpoly = ThreshPts(coords, thresh, edge)
```

triangulate0

triangulate0

Description

Triangulation by Delaunayn algorithm. Automatically generates a triangular mesh for a geometry containing nodal points.

Usage

```
triangulate0(u0, edge)
```

Arguments

u0	Matrix (2 x n) of node coordinates within the geometry.
edge	Matrix (2 x n) of coordinate points on the perimeter of the geometry.

Value

Produces data for generated mesh.

Meshpts	Includes both new mesh coordinate points and triangulation of points.
Centroids	Centroid positions for each triangle element.

Examples

```
data(cleanpoly)
data(polyshape)

u0 = cleanpoly$CleanedNodes
edge = polyshape$Line

triMesh = triangulate0(u0, edge)
```

triMesh

Meshed coordinate points obtained from function: triangulate0

Description

Meshed coordinate points obtained from function: triangulate0

Usage

triMesh

Format

An object of class list of length 2.

Index

* datasets
 bound, 4
 Cart, 5
 cleanpoly, 5
 dime, 5
 displacN, 7
 expSurf, 10
 fea_EM, 10
 fea_ExEM, 10
 fea_result, 11
 glfor, 15
 gloMat, 17
 load, 18
 polyshape, 22
 reduc_EM, 24
 reduc_SF, 25
 SurfTrac, 27
 triMesh, 29

 ApplyBC, 2
 AutoAdjust, 3

 bound, 4

 Cart, 5
 cleanpoly, 5

 dime, 5
 Dimensions, 6
 displacN, 7

 ElementMat, 7
 ExpandEM, 8
 ExpandSFT, 9
 expSurf, 10

 fea_EM, 10
 fea_ExEM, 10
 fea_result, 11
 FEMStrain, 11
 FEMStress, 13

ForceVector, 14

 glfor, 15
 GLForces, 16
 GlobalMat, 17
 gloMat, 17

 load, 18
 LocalStress, 18

 ManualAdjust, 19

 NodeDis, 20

 PlotSystem, 21
 polyshape, 22

 reduc_EM, 24
 reduc_SF, 25
 ReducedEM, 23
 ReducedSF, 24

 SinglePoly, 25
 SurfaceTraction, 26
 SurfTrac, 27

 ThreshPts, 27
 triangulate0, 28
 triMesh, 29