

# Package ‘dyndimred’

March 23, 2021

**Type** Package

**Title** Dimensionality Reduction Methods in a Common Format

**Version** 1.0.4

**Description** Provides a common interface for applying dimensionality reduction methods, such as Principal Component Analysis ('PCA'), Independent Component Analysis ('ICA'), diffusion maps, Locally-Linear Embedding ('LLE'), t-distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding ('t-SNE'), and Uniform Manifold Approximation and Projection ('UMAP'). Has built-in support for sparse matrices.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**Imports** dynutils (>= 1.0.5), irlba, lmds, stats, tibble

**Suggests** testthat, diffusionMap, fastICA, igraph, lle, MASS, Matrix, RANN, Rtsne, smacof, uwot

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**URL** <https://github.com/dynverse/dyndimred>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/dynverse/dyndimred/issues>

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** Robrecht Cannoodt [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3641-729X>>, rcannoodt),  
Wouter Saelens [aut] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7114-6248>>, zouter)

**Maintainer** Robrecht Cannoodt <[rcannood@gmail.com](mailto:rcannood@gmail.com)>

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2021-03-23 08:30:06 UTC

## R topics documented:

dimred . . . . .	2
dimred_tsne . . . . .	4
dimred_umap . . . . .	5
dyndimred . . . . .	7

---

dimred	<i>Perform simple dimensionality reduction</i>
--------	--

---

**Description**

Perform simple dimensionality reduction

**Usage**

```
dimred(x, method, ndim, ...)
```

```
dimred_dm_destiny(  
  x,  
  ndim = 2,  
  distance_method = c("euclidean", "spearman", "cosine")  
)
```

```
dimred_dm_diffusionmap(  
  x,  
  ndim = 2,  
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",  
    "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski")  
)
```

```
dimred_ica(x, ndim = 3)
```

```
dimred_knn_fr(  
  x,  
  ndim = 2,  
  lms_components = 10,  
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",  
    "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski"),  
  n_neighbors = 10  
)
```

```
dimred_landmark_mds(  
  x,  
  ndim = 2,  
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",  
    "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski")  
)
```

```
dimred_lle(x, ndim = 3)
```

```
dimred_mds(  
  x,
```

```

    ndim = 2,
    distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",
      "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski")
  )

dimred_mds_isomds(
  x,
  ndim = 2,
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",
    "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski")
)

dimred_mds_sammon(
  x,
  ndim = 2,
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",
    "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski")
)

dimred_mds_smacof(
  x,
  ndim = 2,
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",
    "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski")
)

dimred_pca(x, ndim = 2)

list_dimred_methods()

```

### Arguments

x	Log transformed expression data, with rows as cells and columns as features
method	The name of the dimensionality reduction method to use
ndim	The number of dimensions
...	Any arguments to be passed to the dimensionality reduction method
distance_method	The name of the distance metric, see <a href="#">dynutils::calculate_distance</a>
lmds_components	The number of lmds components to use. If NULL, LMDS will not be performed first. If this is a matrix, it is assumed it is a dimred for x.
n_neighbors	The size of local neighborhood (in terms of number of neighboring sample points).

### Examples

```
library(Matrix)
```

```

x <- abs(Matrix::rsparsematrix(100, 100, .5))
dimred(x, "pca", ndim = 3)
dimred(x, "ica", ndim = 3)

if (interactive()) {
  dimred_dm_destiny(x)
  dimred_dm_diffusionmap(x)
  dimred_ica(x)
  dimred_landmark_mds(x)
  dimred_lle(x)
  dimred_mds(x)
  dimred_mds_isomds(x)
  dimred_mds_sammon(x)
  dimred_mds_smacof(x)
  dimred_pca(x)
  dimred_tsne(x)
  dimred_umap(x)
}

```

---

dimred\_tsne

*tSNE*


---

## Description

tSNE

## Usage

```

dimred_tsne(
  x,
  ndim = 2,
  perplexity = 30,
  theta = 0.5,
  initial_dims = 50,
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "cosine", "euclidean", "chisquared",
    "hamming", "kullback", "manhattan", "maximum", "canberra", "minkowski")
)

```

## Arguments

x	Log transformed expression data, with rows as cells and columns as features
ndim	The number of dimensions
perplexity	numeric; Perplexity parameter (should not be bigger than 3 * perplexity < nrow(X) - 1, see details for interpretation)
theta	numeric; Speed/accuracy trade-off (increase for less accuracy), set to 0.0 for exact TSNE (default: 0.5)

`initial_dims` integer; the number of dimensions that should be retained in the initial PCA step (default: 50)

`distance_method` The name of the distance metric, see [dynutils::calculate\\_distance](#)

**See Also**

[Rtsne::Rtsne\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
library(Matrix)
dataset <- abs(Matrix::rsparsematrix(100, 100, .5))
dimred_tsne(dataset, ndim = 3)
```

---

dimred_umap	<i>UMAP</i>
-------------	-------------

---

**Description**

UMAP

**Usage**

```
dimred_umap(
  x,
  ndim = 2,
  distance_method = c("euclidean", "cosine", "manhattan"),
  pca_components = 50,
  n_neighbors = 15L,
  init = "spectral",
  n_threads = 1
)
```

**Arguments**

`x` Log transformed expression data, with rows as cells and columns as features

`ndim` The number of dimensions

`distance_method` The name of the distance metric, see [dynutils::calculate\\_distance](#)

`pca_components` The number of pca components to use for UMAP. If NULL, PCA will not be performed first

`n_neighbors` The size of local neighborhood (in terms of number of neighboring sample points).

`init` Type of initialization for the coordinates. Options are:

- "spectral" Spectral embedding using the normalized Laplacian of the fuzzy 1-skeleton, with Gaussian noise added.
- "normlaplacian". Spectral embedding using the normalized Laplacian of the fuzzy 1-skeleton, without noise.
- "random". Coordinates assigned using a uniform random distribution between -10 and 10.
- "lvrandom". Coordinates assigned using a Gaussian distribution with standard deviation 1e-4, as used in LargeVis (Tang et al., 2016) and t-SNE.
- "laplacian". Spectral embedding using the Laplacian Eigenmap (Belkin and Niyogi, 2002).
- "pca". The first two principal components from PCA of  $X$  if  $X$  is a data frame, and from a 2-dimensional classical MDS if  $X$  is of class "dist".
- "spca". Like "pca", but each dimension is then scaled so the standard deviation is 1e-4, to give a distribution similar to that used in t-SNE. This is an alias for `init = "pca", init_sdev = 1e-4`.
- "agspectral" An "approximate global" modification of "spectral" which all edges in the graph to a value of 1, and then sets a random number of edges (`negative_sample_rate` edges per vertex) to 0.1, to approximate the effect of non-local affinities.
- A matrix of initial coordinates.

For spectral initializations, ("spectral", "normlaplacian", "laplacian"), if more than one connected component is identified, each connected component is initialized separately and the results are merged. If `verbose = TRUE` the number of connected components are logged to the console. The existence of multiple connected components implies that a global view of the data cannot be attained with this initialization. Either a PCA-based initialization or increasing the value of `n_neighbors` may be more appropriate.

`n_threads` Number of threads to use (except during stochastic gradient descent). Default is half the number of concurrent threads supported by the system. For nearest neighbor search, only applies if `nn_method = "annoy"`. If `n_threads > 1`, then the Annoy index will be temporarily written to disk in the location determined by [tempfile](#).

### See Also

[uwot::umap\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
library(Matrix)
dataset <- abs(Matrix::rsparsematrix(100, 100, .5))
dimred_umap(dataset, ndim = 2, pca_components = NULL)
```

---

dyndimred

*Common dimensionality reduction methods*

---

**Description**

Provides a common interface for applying common dimensionality reduction methods, Such as PCA, ICA, diffusion maps, LLE, t-SNE, and umap.

# Index

`dimred`, [2](#)  
`dimred_dm_destiny` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_dm_diffusionmap` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_ica` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_knn_fr` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_landmark_mds` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_lle` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_mds` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_mds_isomds` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_mds_sammon` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_mds_smacof` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_pca` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
`dimred_tsne`, [4](#)  
`dimred_umap`, [5](#)  
`dyndimred`, [7](#)  
`dynutils::calculate_distance`, [3](#), [5](#)  
  
`list_dimred_methods` (`dimred`), [2](#)  
  
`Rtsne::Rtsne()`, [5](#)  
  
`tempfile`, [6](#)  
  
`uwot::umap()`, [6](#)