

Package ‘easylabel’

November 15, 2021

Type Package

Title Interactive Scatter Plot and Volcano Plot Labels

Version 0.2.4

Maintainer Myles Lewis <myles.lewis@qmul.ac.uk>

Description Interactive labelling of scatter plots, volcano plots and Manhattan plots using a 'shiny' and 'plotly' interface. Users can hover over points to see where specific points are located and click points on/off to easily label them. Labels can be dragged around the plot to place them optimally. Plots can be exported directly to PDF for publication.

Language en-gb

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

biocViews

Suggests AnnotationDbi, knitr, org.Hs.eg.db, qvalue, rmarkdown

Imports plotly (>= 4.10.0), shiny, shinycssloaders, shinybusy, RColorBrewer, DT, gtools, splus2R

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

VignetteBuilder knitr

Depends R (>= 2.10)

NeedsCompilation no

Author Myles Lewis [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9365-5345>>),
Katriona Goldmann [aut] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9073-6323>>),
Cankut Cubuk [ctb] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4646-0849>>)

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-11-15 17:30:02 UTC

R topics documented:

easylabel	2
easyManhattan	7
easyMAplot	9
easyVolcano	10
volc1	11
volc2	12

Index	13
--------------	-----------

easylabel	<i>Interactive scatter plot labels</i>
-----------	--

Description

Interactive labelling of scatter plots using shiny/plotly interface.

Usage

```
easylabel(
  data,
  x,
  y,
  labs = NULL,
  startLabels = NULL,
  cex.text = 0.72,
  col = NULL,
  colScheme = NULL,
  alpha = 1,
  shape = NULL,
  shapeScheme = 21,
  size = 8,
  sizeRange = c(4, 80),
  xlab = x,
  ylab = y,
  xlim = NULL,
  ylim = NULL,
  xticks = NULL,
  yticks = NULL,
  showOutliers = TRUE,
  outlier_shape = 5,
  outline_col = "white",
  outline_lwd = 0.5,
  plotly_filter = NULL,
  width = 800,
  height = 600,
  showgrid = FALSE,
```

```

zeroline = TRUE,
hline = NULL,
vline = NULL,
mgp = c(1.8, 0.5, 0),
Ltitle = "",
Rtitle = "",
LRtitle_side = 1,
labelDir = "radial",
labCentre = NULL,
lineLength = 75,
text_col = "black",
line_col = "black",
rectangles = FALSE,
rect_col = "white",
border_col = "black",
padding = 3,
border_radius = 5,
showLegend = TRUE,
legendxy = c(1.02, 1),
filename = NULL,
panel.last = NULL,
fullGeneNames = FALSE,
AnnotationDb = NULL,
custom_annotation = NULL,
output_shiny = TRUE,
...
)

```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Dataset (data.frame or data.table) to use for plot.
<code>x</code>	Specifies column of x coordinates in data.
<code>y</code>	Specifies column of y coordinates in data.
<code>labs</code>	Specifies the column in data with label names for points. Label names do not have to be unique. If NULL defaults to <code>rownames(data)</code> .
<code>startLabels</code>	Vector of initial labels. With a character vector, labels are identified in the column specified by <code>labs</code> . With a numeric vector, points to be labelled are referred to by row number.
<code>cex.text</code>	Font size for labels. Default 0.72 to match plotly font size. See <code>text()</code> .
<code>col</code>	Specifies which column in data affects point colour. Must be categorical. If it is not a factor, it will be coerced to a factor.
<code>colScheme</code>	A single colour or a vector of colours for points.
<code>alpha</code>	Alpha value for transparency of points.
<code>shape</code>	Specifies which column in data controls point shapes. If not a factor, will be coerced to a factor.
<code>shapeScheme</code>	A single symbol for points or a vector of symbols. See <code>pch</code> in <code>points()</code> .

size	Either a single value for size of points (default 8), or specifies which column in data affects point size for bubble charts.
sizeRange	Range of size of points for bubble charts.
xlab	x axis title. Accepts expressions when exporting base graphics. Set <code>cex.lab</code> to alter the font size of the axis titles (default 1). Set <code>cex.axis</code> to alter the font size of the axis numbering (default 1).
ylab	y axis title. Accepts expressions when exporting base graphics.
xlim	The x limits (x1, x2) of the plot.
ylim	The y limits of the plot.
xticks	List of custom x axis ticks and labels specified as a list of two named vectors at <code>= ...</code> and <code>labels = ...</code> . Another method is to use <code>xaxp</code> as a vector of the form <code>c(x1, x2, n)</code> giving the coordinates of the extreme tick marks and the number of intervals between tick-marks.
yticks	List of custom y axis ticks and labels specified as a list of two named vectors at <code>= ...</code> and <code>labels = ...</code> . Another method is to use <code>yaxp</code> as a vector of the form <code>c(y1, y2, n)</code> giving the coordinates of the extreme tick marks and the number of intervals between tick-marks.
showOutliers	Logical whether to show outliers on the margins of the plot.
outlier_shape	Symbol for outliers.
outline_col	Colour of symbol outlines. Set to NA for no outlines.
outline_lwd	Line width of symbol outlines.
plotly_filter	Refers to a column of logical values in data used to filter rows to reduce the number of points shown by plotly. We recommend using this for datasets with >100,000 rows. When saving to pdf, the full original dataset is still plotted. This is useful for plots with millions of points such as Manhattan plots where a subset of points to be labelled is already known.
width	Width of the plot in pixels. Saving to pdf scales 100 pixels to 1 inch.
height	Height of the plot in pixels.
showgrid	Either logical whether to show gridlines, or a character value where "x" means showing x axis gridlines and "y" means showing y axis gridlines.
zeroline	Logical whether to show lines at $x = 0$ and $y = 0$.
hline	Adds horizontal lines at values of y.
vline	Adds vertical lines at values of x.
mgp	The margin line for the axis title, axis labels and axis line. See par() .
Ltitle	A character or expression (see plotmath) value specifying text for left side title. Size of font can be changed using <code>cex.lab</code> .
Rtitle	A character or expression value specifying text for right side title. Size of font can be changed using <code>cex.lab</code> .
LRtitle_side	On which side of the plot for Ltitle and Rtitle (1 = bottom, 3 = top). See mtext() .

labelDir	Initial label line directions. Options include 'radial' (default) for radial lines around the centre of the plot, 'origin' for radial lines around the origin, 'horiz' for horizontal and 'vert' for vertical, 'xellipse' and 'yellipse' for near-horizontal and near-vertical lines arranged in an elliptical way around the centre, 'rect' for rectilinear lines (a mix of horizontal and vertical), 'x' for diagonal lines, 'oct' for lines in 8 directions around the centre.
labCentre	Coordinates in x/y units of the central point towards which radial labels converge. Defaults to the centre of the plot.
lineLength	Initial length of label lines in pixels.
text_col	Colour of label text. If set to "match" label text will match the colour of each point.
line_col	Colour of label lines. If set to "match" label line will match the colour of each point.
rectangles	Logical whether to show rectangles around labels (not supported by plotly).
rect_col	Colour for filling rectangles (not supported by plotly). If set to "match" rectangle fill colour will match the colour of each point.
border_col	Colour of rectangle borders (not supported by plotly). Use border_col = NA to omit borders. If set to "match" rectangle border colour will match the colour of each point.
padding	Amount of padding in pixels around label text.
border_radius	Amount of roundedness in pixels to apply to label rectangles (not supported by plotly).
showLegend	Logical whether to show or hide the legend.
legendxy	Vector of coordinates for the position of the legend. Coordinates are in plotly paper reference with $c(0, 0)$ being the bottom left corner and $c(1, 1)$ being the top right corner of the plot window. Plotly has unusual behaviour in that the x coordinate always aligns the left side of the legend. However, the y coordinate aligns the top, middle or bottom of the legend dependent on whether it is in the top, middle or bottom 1/3 of the plot window. So $c(1, 0)$ positions the legend in the bottom right corner outside the right margin of the plot, while $c(1, 0.5)$ centre aligns the legend around the centre of y axis.
filename	Filename for saving plots to pdf in a browser. Rstudio opens its own pdf file.
panel.last	An expression to be evaluated after plotting has taken place but before the axes, title and box are added. This can be useful for adding extra titles, legends or trend lines. Currently only works when saving plots using base graphics and does not work with plotly. See plot.default
fullGeneNames	Logical whether to expand gene symbols using Bioconductor AnnotationDbi package. With multiple matches, returns first value only. See AnnotationDbi::mapIds() .
AnnotationDb	Annotation database to use when expanding gene symbols. Defaults to human gene database AnnotationDb = org.Hs.eg.db.
custom_annotation	List of annotations to be added via plotly::layout() .
output_shiny	Logical whether to output a shiny app. If FALSE a plotly figure will be returned.

... Further graphical parameters passed to `plot()` when saving via base graphics. The most useful for most users are likely to be `cex.lab` which alters title font size (default 1, see `par()`), `cex.axis` which alters axis numbering font size (default 1), and `panel.last` which allows additional plotting functions to be called after the main plot has been plotted but before the labels and label lines are drawn, which will allow the addition of trend lines, extra titles or legends for example (see `plot.default()`).

Details

Instructions:

- Hover over and click on/off genes which you want to label.
- When you have selected all your chosen genes, then drag gene names to move label positions.
- Click the save button to export a PDF in base graphics.
- The Table tab shows a table view of the dataset to help with annotation.

To export an SVG from plotly:

- Switch to SVG when finalised (only do this at last moment as otherwise editing is very slow).
- Press camera button in modebar to save image as SVG.

Value

By default no return value. If `output_shiny = FALSE` or the shiny button 'Export plotly & exit' is pressed, a plotly figure is returned.

See Also

[easyVolcano\(\)](#), [easyMplot\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Simple example using mtcars dataset
data(mtcars)
# Launch easylabel Shiny app: only run this example in interactive R sessions
if (interactive()) {
  easylabel(mtcars, x = 'mpg', y = 'wt', col = 'cyl')
}
```

Description

Interactive labelling of Manhattan plots using 'shiny' and 'plotly' interface.

Usage

```
easyManhattan(  
  data,  
  chrom = "chrom",  
  pos = "pos",  
  p = "p",  
  labs = "rsid",  
  startLabels = NULL,  
  pcutoff = 5e-08,  
  chromGap = NULL,  
  chromCols = c("royalblue", "skyblue"),  
  sigCol = "red",  
  alpha = 0.7,  
  labelDir = "horiz",  
  xlab = "Chromosome position",  
  ylab = expression("-log"[10] ~ "P"),  
  outline_col = NA,  
  shapeScheme = 16,  
  size = 6,  
  width = 1000,  
  lineLength = 60,  
  npoints = 1e+06,  
  nplotly = 1e+05,  
  npeaks = NULL,  
  span = min(c(nrow(data), npoints), na.rm = TRUE)/200,  
  transpose = FALSE,  
  filename = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

data	The dataset (data.frame or data.table) for the plot.
chrom	The column of chromosome values in data.
pos	The column of SNP positions in data.
p	The column of p values in data.
labs	The column of labels in data.

startLabels	Vector of initial labels. With a character vector, labels are identified in the column specified by labs. With a numeric vector, points to be labelled are referred to by row number.
pcutoff	Cut-off for p value significance. Defaults to 5E-08.
chromGap	Size of gap between chromosomes along the x axis in base pairs. If NULL this is automatically calculated dependent on the size of the genome. Default is around 3E07 for a human genome, and smaller for smaller genomes.
chromCols	A vector of colours for points by chromosome. Colours are recycled dependent on the length of the vector.
sigCol	Colour for statistically significant points. Ignored if set to NA.
alpha	Transparency for points.
labelDir	Option for label lines. See easylabel() .
xlab	x axis title. Accepts expressions.
ylab	y axis title. Accepts expressions.
outline_col	Colour of symbol outlines. Passed to easylabel() .
shapeScheme	A single symbol for points or a vector of symbols. Passed to easylabel() .
size	Specifies point size. Passed to easylabel() .
width	Width of the plot in pixels. Saving to pdf scales 100 pixels to 1 inch.
lineLength	Initial length of label lines in pixels.
npoints	Maximum number of points to plot when saving to pdf. Defaults to plot the top 1 million points by p value. Setting a value of NA will plot all points.
nplotly	Maximum number of points to display via plotly. We recommend the default setting of 100,000 points (or fewer).
npeaks	Number of peaks to label initially.
span	a peak is defined as the most significant SNP within a window of width span SNPs centred at that SNP. Large numbers take significantly longer.
transpose	Logical whether to transpose the plot.
filename	Filename for saving to pdf.
...	Other arguments passed to easylabel() .

Value

By default no return value. If `output_shiny = FALSE` or the shiny button 'Export plotly & exit' is pressed, a plotly figure is returned. See [easylabel\(\)](#).

See Also

[easylabel\(\)](#) [easyVolcano\(\)](#)

Description

Interactive labelling of MA plots using shiny/plotly interface.

Usage

```
easyMAplot(  
  data,  
  x = NULL,  
  y = NULL,  
  padj = NULL,  
  fdrcutoff = 0.05,  
  colScheme = c("darkgrey", "blue", "red"),  
  hline = 0,  
  labelDir = "yellipse",  
  xlab = expression("log"[2] ~ " mean expression"),  
  ylab = expression("log"[2] ~ " fold change"),  
  filename = NULL,  
  showCounts = TRUE,  
  useQ = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	The dataset for the plot. Automatically attempts to recognise DESeq2 and limma objects.
<code>x</code>	Name of the column containing mean expression. For DESeq2 and limma objects this is automatically set.
<code>y</code>	Name of the column containing log fold change. For DESeq2 and limma objects this is automatically set.
<code>padj</code>	Name of the column containing adjusted p values (optional). For DESeq2 and limma objects this is automatically set. If <code>y</code> is specified and <code>padj</code> is left blank or equal to <code>y</code> , nominal unadjusted p values are used for cut-off for significance.
<code>fdrcutoff</code>	Cut-off for FDR significance. Defaults to FDR < 0.05. Can be vector with multiple cut-offs. To use nominal P values instead of adjusted p values, set <code>y</code> but leave <code>padj</code> blank.
<code>colScheme</code>	Colour colScheme. Length must match either <code>length(fdrcutoff) + 1</code> to allow for non-significant genes, or <code>length(fdrcutoff) * 2 + 1</code> to accommodate asymmetric colour colSchemes for positive & negative fold change. (see examples).
<code>hline</code>	Vector of horizontal lines (default is <code>y = 0</code>).

labelDir	Option for label lines. See easylabel() .
xlab	x axis title. Accepts expressions.
ylab	y axis title. Accepts expressions.
filename	Filename for saving to pdf.
showCounts	Logical whether to show legend with number of differentially expressed genes.
useQ	Logical whether to convert nominal P values to q values. Requires the qvalue Bioconductor package.
...	Other arguments passed to easylabel() .

Value

By default no return value. If `output_shiny = FALSE` or the shiny button 'Export plotly & exit' is pressed, a plotly figure is returned. See [easylabel\(\)](#).

See Also

[easylabel\(\)](#) [easyVolcano\(\)](#)

easyVolcano *Interactive volcano plot labels*

Description

Interactive labelling of volcano plots using shiny/plotly interface.

Usage

```
easyVolcano(
  data,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  padj = y,
  fdrcutoff = 0.05,
  fccut = NULL,
  colScheme = c("darkgrey", "blue", "red"),
  xlab = expression("log"[2] ~ " fold change"),
  ylab = expression("-log"[10] ~ " P"),
  filename = NULL,
  showCounts = TRUE,
  useQ = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

data	The dataset for the plot. Automatically attempts to recognise DESeq2 and limma objects.
x	Name of the column containing log fold change. For DESeq2 and limma objects this is automatically set.
y	Name of the column containing p values. For DESeq2 and limma objects this is automatically set.
padj	Name of the column containing adjusted p values (optional). If y is specified and padj is left blank or equal to y, nominal unadjusted p values are used for cut-off for significance instead of adjusted p values.
fdr cutoff	Cut-off for FDR significance. Defaults to FDR < 0.05. If y is specified manually and padj is left blank then this refers to the cut-off for significant points using nominal unadjusted p values.
fccut	Optional vector of log fold change cut-offs.
colScheme	Colour scheme. If no fold change cut-off is set, 2 colours need to be specified. With a single fold change cut-off, 3 or 5 colours are required, depending on whether the colours are symmetrical about x = 0. Accommodates asymmetric colour schemes with multiple fold change cut-offs (see examples).
xlab	x axis title. Accepts expressions.
ylab	y axis title. Accepts expressions.
filename	Filename for saving to pdf.
showCounts	Logical whether to show legend with number of differentially expressed genes.
useQ	Logical whether to convert nominal P values to q values. Requires the qvalue Bioconductor package.
...	Other arguments passed to easylabel() .

Value

By default no return value. If `output_shiny = FALSE` or the shiny button 'Export plotly & exit' is pressed, a plotly figure is returned. See [easylabel\(\)](#).

See Also

[easylabel\(\)](#) [easyMPlot\(\)](#)

 volc1

Example volcano data for vignette

Description

Example DESeq2 volcano data for vignette

Usage`volc1`**Format**

Data frame with 6 rows and 6 variables

`volc2`*Example volcano data for vignette*

Description

Example limma volcano data for vignette

Usage`volc2`**Format**

Data frame with 6 rows and 6 variables

Index

* datasets

volc1, [11](#)

volc2, [12](#)

`AnnotationDbi::mapIds()`, [5](#)

`easylabel`, [2](#)

`easylabel()`, [8](#), [10](#), [11](#)

`easyManhattan`, [7](#)

`easyMAplot`, [9](#)

`easyMAplot()`, [6](#), [11](#)

`easyVolcano`, [10](#)

`easyVolcano()`, [6](#), [8](#), [10](#)

`mtext()`, [4](#)

`par()`, [4](#), [6](#)

`plot.default`, [5](#)

`plot.default()`, [6](#)

`plotly::layout()`, [5](#)

`plotmath`, [4](#)

`points()`, [3](#)

`text()`, [3](#)

volc1, [11](#)

volc2, [12](#)