

# Package ‘ino’

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**Title** Initialization of Numerical Optimization

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**Description** Implementation of several initialization strategies for the numerical optimization of real-valued functions, in particular likelihood functions of statistical models.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

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<b>clear_ino</b>	<i>Clear initialization runs</i>
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### Description

This function clears initialization runs saved in an *ino* object.

### Usage

```
clear_ino(x, which = "all")
```

### Arguments

x	An object of class <i>ino</i> .
which	Either "all" to clear all initialization runs, or alternatively a numeric vector of row numbers in <i>x\$runs\$table</i> .

### Value

The updated *ino* object.

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earthquakes

*Earthquake data*

---

## Description

This data set includes the number of yearly measured earthquakes from 1900 to 2006.

## Usage

```
data(earthquakes)
```

## Format

The data set is a `data.frame` with two integer columns, `year` for the year and `obs` for the number of measured earthquakes.

## Source

The data was obtained from <http://hmms-for-time-series.de/second/data/earthquakes.txt> on 2022-03-25.

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fixed\_INITIALIZATION *Fixed initialization*

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## Description

This function is an implementation of the fixed initialization strategy.

## Usage

```
fixed_INITIALIZATION(  
  x,  
  at,  
  ncores = getOption("ino_ncores"),  
  verbose = getOption("ino_progress")  
)
```

## Arguments

- |                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <code>x</code>       | An object of class <code>ino</code> .                        |
| <code>at</code>      | A vector containing the (fixed) initial values.              |
| <code>ncores</code>  | This function is parallelized, set the number of cores here. |
| <code>verbose</code> | Set to TRUE (FALSE) to print (hide) progress.                |

## Details

For more details see the help vignette: `vignette("workflow", package = "ino")`

## Value

The updated `ino` object.

<code>merge_ino</code>	<i>Merge initialization runs</i>
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## Description

This function merges multiple `ino` objects.

## Usage

```
merge_ino(...)
```

## Arguments

- ...                   Arbitrary many `ino` objects, of which the initialization results are merged into the first object, which is then returned.

## Value

The updated `ino` object.

<code>overview_optima</code>	<i>Overview of optima</i>
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## Description

This function provides an overview of the identified optima.

## Usage

```
overview_optima(x, digits = 2, plot = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

- `x`               An object of class `ino`.
- `digits`          The number of digits of the optima values.
- `plot`             Set to `TRUE` for a visualization.

## Value

Either a `data.frame` (if `plot = FALSE`), or otherwise a `ggplot` object.

---

`plot.ino`*Visualization of initialization*

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## Description

This function plots one or multiple summary statistics on the initialization runs in an `ino` object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ino'  
plot(x, var = ".time", by = ".strategy", type = "boxplot", ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object of class <code>ino</code> .
<code>var</code>	The name of the statistic to be plotted.
<code>by</code>	Plots the summary statistic <code>var</code> for all groups listed in <code>by</code> .
<code>type</code>	Governs the type of plot. Either <code>"boxplot"</code> , <code>"histogram"</code> , or <code>"barplot"</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments to be passed to the plotting function.

## Value

An `ggplot` object.

---

`random_initialization` *Random initialization*

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## Description

This function is an implementation of the random initialization strategy.

## Usage

```
random_initialization(  
  x,  
  sampler = stats::rnorm,  
  ...,  
  ncores = getOption("ino_ncores"),  
  verbose = getOption("ino_progress")  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object of class <code>ino</code> .
<code>sampler</code>	The sampler for random initial values. Can be any function that <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• has as first argument an integer, say <code>npar</code>,</li> <li>• and returns a numeric vector of length <code>npar</code>.</li> </ul> Per default, <code>sampler = stats::rnorm</code> , i.e. independent draws from a standard normal distribution as initial value.
<code>...</code>	Additional argument to <code>sampler</code> (optional).
<code>ncores</code>	This function is parallelized, set the number of cores here.
<code>verbose</code>	Set to TRUE (FALSE) to print (hide) progress.

## Details

For more details see the help vignette: `vignette("workflow", package = "ino")`

## Value

The updated `ino` object.

`setup_ino`

*Setup*

## Description

Use this function to specify the numerical optimization problem. The function returns an object of class `ino` that contains all specifications.

## Usage

```
setup_ino(
  f,
  npar,
  ...,
  opt = set_optimizer_nlm(),
  mpvs = character(0),
  verbose = getOption("ino_progress"),
  skip_test = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

f	An object of class function, the function to be optimized.
npar	The length of the first argument of f, i.e. the argument over which f is optimized.
...	Additional and named arguments to be passed to f (optional).
opt	The output of <code>set_optimizer</code> , which is an object of class optimizer. Per default, opt = <code>set_optimizer_nlm()</code> , which specifies the <code>nlm</code> optimizer. Can also be a list of different optimizer objects, see the details.
mpvs	A character vector of the argument names with multiple parameter values, see the details. Per default, mpvs = <code>character(0)</code> .
verbose	Set to TRUE (FALSE) to print (hide) the test results of the setup at the console.
skip_test	Set to TRUE to skip the specification tests.

## Details

### Specifying a function:

One function f must be specified per ino object. The function is optimized over its first argument, which should be a numeric vector of length npar, followed by any other arguments specified via the ... argument.

### Specifying an optimizer:

The numerical optimizer must be specified via the opt argument as the output of `set_optimizer`. You can specify multiple optimizer for comparison, see below.

### Specifying multiple parameter values:

You can specify multiple values for each ... parameter. Such arguments must be in list format, where each list element must be a valid parameter value. The names of these arguments must be added to the mpvs input to make clear that you want to iterate over them.

### Specifying multiple optimizer:

Specifying multiple optimizer is analogue to specifying multiple parameter values: Submit a list of optimizer objects (i.e. outputs of `set_optimizer`) to the opt argument.

### An example:

Say that f is a likelihood function of npar parameters that has the additional argument data. Say furthermore that you want to conduct a simulation experiment of the initialization effect for f for two different data sets. And last, say that you want to compare the `nlm` optimizer and the `optim` optimizer. Then, specify

```
setup_ino(
  f = f,
  npar = npar,
  data = list("data1" = <data set 1>,
             "data2" = <data set 2>),
  opt = list("nlm"   = set_optimizer_nlm(),
            "optim" = set_optimizer_optim()),
  mpvs = c("data", "opt")
)
```

**Value**

An object of class `ino`.

**See Also**

[set\\_optimizer\(\)](#) to specify an optimizer.

**Examples**

```
setup_ino(
  f = f_ll_hmm,
  npar = 4,
  data = earthquakes,
  N = 2,
  neg = TRUE,
  opt = set_optimizer_nlm()
)
```

<code>set_optimizer</code>	<i>Specify numerical optimizer</i>
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**Description**

Use this function to specify a numerical optimizer for the optimization problem.

**Usage**

```
set_optimizer(opt, f, p, v, z, ..., crit = character(0))
```

**Arguments**

<code>opt</code>	An object of class <code>function</code> , a numerical optimizer.
<code>f</code>	The name of the function input of <code>opt</code> .
<code>p</code>	The name of the starting parameter values input of <code>opt</code> .
<code>v</code>	The name of the optimal function value in the output list of <code>opt</code> .
<code>z</code>	The name of the optimal parameter vector in the output list of <code>opt</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments to be passed to the optimizer <code>opt</code> . Without specifications, the default values of <code>opt</code> are used.
<code>crit</code>	The names of additional elements in the output of <code>opt</code> to be saved after the optimization.

## Details

Numerical optimizer specified for the opt argument must fulfill the following requirements:

- it must have an input f for the function to be optimized,
- it must have an input p for the starting parameter values,
- it must have a ... argument for additional parameters to f,
- the output must be a named list, including the optimal function value (named v) and parameter vector (named z).

## Value

An object of class `optimizer`, which can be passed to `setup_ino`.

## See Also

`set_optimizer_nlm()` and `set_optimizer_optim()`, two wrappers for the `nlm` and `optim` optimizer.

## Examples

```
set_optimizer(
  opt = pracma::nelder_mead,
  f = "fn",
  p = "x0",
  v = "fmin",
  z = "xmin",
  tol = 1e-6,
  crit = c("xmin", "fcoun")
)
```

`set_optimizer_nlm`      *Specify nlm optimizer*

## Description

Specify `nlm` optimizer

## Usage

```
set_optimizer_nlm(..., crit = c("code", "iterations"))
```

## Arguments

...	Additional arguments to be passed to the optimizer opt. Without specifications, the default values of opt are used.
<code>crit</code>	The names of additional elements in the output of opt to be saved after the optimization.

**Value**

An object of class `optimizer`, which can be passed to `setup_ino`.

**See Also**

`set_optimizer()` for specifying a different optimizer.

`set_optimizer_optim`    *Specify optim optimizer*

**Description**

Specify `optim` optimizer

**Usage**

```
set_optimizer_optim(..., crit = c("convergence"))
```

**Arguments**

- |      |   |
|------|---|
| ...  | Additional arguments to be passed to the optimizer opt. Without specifications, the default values of opt are used. |
| crit | The names of additional elements in the output of opt to be saved after the optimization.                           |

**Value**

An object of class `optimizer`, which can be passed to `setup_ino`.

**See Also**

`set_optimizer()` for specifying a different optimizer.

`standardize_initialization`  
*Standardize initialization*

**Description**

This function is an implementation of the standardize initialization strategy.

**Usage**

```
standardize_initialization(
  x,
  arg = "data",
  by_col = TRUE,
  center = TRUE,
  scale = TRUE,
  col_ign = NULL,
  initialization = random_INITIALIZATION(),
  ncores = getOption("ino_ncores"),
  verbose = getOption("ino_progress")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object of class <code>ino</code> .
<code>arg</code>	A character, the name(s) of the argument(s) to be standardized. The argument must be of class <code>matrix</code> or <code>data.frame</code> . Per default, <code>arg = "data"</code> .
<code>by_col</code>	A boolean, set to <code>TRUE</code> (the default) to standardize column-wise, set to <code>FALSE</code> to standardize by rows.
<code>center</code>	A boolean, passed to <code>scale</code> .
<code>scale</code>	A boolean, passed to <code>scale</code> .
<code>col_ign</code>	A numeric vector of column indices (or row indices if <code>by_col = FALSE</code> ) that are ignored when standardizing.
<code>initialization</code>	An object of class <code>ino_call</code> which determines the initialization for the standardized <code>ino</code> object. The <code>ino_call</code> is generated by any of the strategy functions (any function with the name <code>*_initialization</code> ), when the <code>x</code> is unspecified. Per default, <code>initialization = random_INITIALIZATION()</code> , i.e. random initialization.
<code>ncores</code>	This function is parallelized, set the number of cores here.
<code>verbose</code>	Set to <code>TRUE</code> ( <code>FALSE</code> ) to print (hide) progress.

**Details**

For more details see the help vignette: `vignette("workflow", package = "ino")`

**Value**

The updated `ino` object.

---

**subset\_initialization** *Subset initialization*


---

## Description

This function is an implementation of the subset initialization strategy.

## Usage

```
subset_initialization(
  x,
  arg = "data",
  how = "random",
  prop = 0.5,
  by_row = TRUE,
  col_ign = NULL,
  kmeans_arg = list(centers = 2),
  initialization = random_initialization(),
  ncores = getOption("ino_ncores"),
  verbose = getOption("ino_progress"))
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object of class <code>ino</code> .
<code>arg</code>	A character, the name of the argument to be subsetted. The argument must be of class <code>matrix</code> or <code>data.frame</code> . Per default, <code>arg = "data"</code> .
<code>how</code>	A character, specifying how to select the subset. Can be one of <code>"random"</code> (default), <code>"first"</code> , and <code>"kmeans"</code> .
<code>prop</code>	A numeric between 0 and 1, specifying the proportion of the subset.
<code>by_row</code>	A boolean, set to <code>TRUE</code> (the default) to subset by row, set to <code>FALSE</code> to subset by column.
<code>col_ign</code>	A numeric vector of column indices (or row indices if <code>by_row = FALSE</code> ) that are ignored when clustering. Only relevant if <code>how = "kmeans"</code> .
<code>kmeans_arg</code>	A list of additional arguments for <code>kmeans</code> . Per default, <code>kmeans_arg = list(centers = 2)</code> , which sets the number of clusters to 2. Only relevant if <code>how = "kmeans"</code> .
<code>initialization</code>	An object of class <code>ino_call</code> which determines the initialization for the standardized <code>ino</code> object. The <code>ino_call</code> is generated by any of the strategy functions, when the <code>x</code> is unspecified. Per default, <code>initialization = random_initialization()</code> , i.e. random initialization.
<code>ncores</code>	This function is parallelized, set the number of cores here.
<code>verbose</code>	Set to <code>TRUE</code> ( <code>FALSE</code> ) to print (hide) progress.

## Details

For more details see the help vignette: `vignette("workflow", package = "ino")`

## Value

The updated `ino` object.

---

summary.ino

*Summary of initialization*

---

## Description

This function gives an overview of the initialization runs in an `ino` object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'ino'  
summary(object, group = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

- |        |   |
|--------|---|
| object | An object of class <code>ino</code> .   |
| group  | A character vector for grouping the optimization results, or <code>NULL</code> (default) for no grouping. |
| ...    | Named functions for computing statistics.   |

## Details

The following values are available for each `ino` object:

- `.strategy`, the name of the initialization strategy,
- `.optimizer`, the name of the optimizer (if more than one),
- `.time`, the optimization time,
- `.optimum`, the function value at the optimum.

## Value

A `data.frame`.

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