

# Package ‘msaeOB’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Optimum Benchmarking for Multivariate Small Area Estimation

**Version** 0.1.0

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**Description** Implements multivariate optimum benchmarking small area estimation. This package provides optimum benchmarking estimation for univariate and multivariate small area estimation and its MSE. In fact, MSE estimators for optimum benchmark are not readily available, so resampling method that called parametric bootstrap is applied. The optimum benchmark model and parametric bootstrap in this package are based on the model proposed in small area estimation. J.N.K Rao and Isabel Molina (2015, ISBN: 978-1-118-73578-7).

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.2

**URL** <https://github.com/yas-q/msaeOB>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/yas-q/msaeOB/issues>

**Suggests** covr, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

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## R topics documented:

datamsaeOB . . . . .	2
datamsaeOBns . . . . .	3
est_msaeOB . . . . .	4
est_msaeOBns . . . . .	6
est_saeOB . . . . .	8
est_saeOBns . . . . .	9
mse_msaeOB . . . . .	11
mse_msaeOBns . . . . .	12
mse_saeOB . . . . .	14
mse_saeOBns . . . . .	15

## Index

17

datamsaeOB

*Sample Data for Multivariate Small Area Estimation with Optimum Benchmarking*

### Description

Dataset to simulate optimum benchmarking of Multivariate Fay-Herriot model

This data is generated based on multivariate Fay-Herriot model by these following steps:

1. Generate explanatory variables  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ .  $X_1 \sim U(4, 6)$  and  $X_2 \sim N(5, 0.5)$ . Sampling error  $e$  is generated with the following  $\sigma_{e11} = 0.05$ ,  $\sigma_{e22} = 0.1$ ,  $\sigma_{e33} = 0.15$ , and  $\rho_e = 1/2$ . For random effect  $u$ , we set  $\sigma_{u11} = 0.1$ ,  $\sigma_{u22} = 0.2$ , and  $\sigma_{u33} = 0.3$ . For the weight, we generate  $w_1, w_2, w_3$  by set  $w_1, w_2, w_3 \sim U(5, 15)$ . Set beta,  $\beta_{01} = 10$ ,  $\beta_{02} = 9$ ,  $\beta_{03} = 8$ ,  $\beta_{11} = 0.15$ ,  $\beta_{12} = -0.45$ ,  $\beta_{13} = 0.3$ ,  $\beta_{21} = -0.5$ ,  $\beta_{22} = 0.25$ , and  $\beta_{23} = -0.75$ . Calculate direct estimation  $Y_1 Y_2 Y_3$  where  $Y_i = X * \beta + u_i + e_i$ .
2. Then combine the direct estimations  $Y_1 Y_2 Y_3$ , explanatory variables  $X_1 X_2$ , weight  $w_1 w_2 w_3$ , and sampling varians covarians  $v_1 v_{12} v_{13} v_2 v_{23} v_3$  in a dataframe then named as datamsaeOB

### Usage

datamsaeOB

### Format

A data frame with 40 rows and 14 variables:

**Y1** Direct Estimation of Y1

**Y2** Direct Estimation of Y2

**Y3** Direct Estimation of Y3

- X1** Auxiliary variable of X1
- X2** Auxiliary variable of X2
- w1** Known proportion of units in small areas of Y1
- w2** Known proportion of units in small areas of Y2
- w3** Known proportion of units in small areas of Y3
- v1** Sampling Variance of Y1
- v12** Sampling Covariance of Y1 and Y2
- v13** Sampling Covariance of Y1 and Y3
- v2** Sampling Variance of Y2
- v23** Sampling Covariance of Y2 and Y3
- v3** Sampling Variance of Y3

datamsaeOBns

*Sample Data for Multivariate Non Sampled Area in Small Area Estimation with Optimum Benchmarking*

## Description

Dataset to simulate optimum benchmarking of Multivariate non sampled area in Fay-Herriot model

This data is generated based on multivariate Fay-Herriot model by these following steps:

1. Generate explanatory variables X1 and X2.  $X1 \sim U(4, 6)$  and  $X2 \sim N(5, 0.5)$ .  
Cluster is generated discrete uniform distribution with  $a = 1$  and  $b = 2$ .  
Sampling error  $e$  is generated with the following  $\sigma_{e11} = 0.05$ ,  $\sigma_{e22} = 0.1$ ,  $\sigma_{e33} = 0.15$ , and  $\rho_e = 1/2$ .  
For random effect  $u$ , we set  $\sigma_{u11} = 0.1$ ,  $\sigma_{u22} = 0.2$ , and  $\sigma_{u33} = 0.3$ .  
For the weight, we generate  $w1, w2, w3$  by set  $w1, w2, w3 \sim U(5, 15)$   
Set beta,  $\beta01 = 10$ ,  $\beta02 = 9$ ,  $\beta03 = 8$ ,  $\beta11 = 0.15$ ,  $\beta12 = -0.45$ ,  $\beta13 = 0.3$ ,  $\beta21 = -0.5$ ,  $\beta22 = 0.25$ , and  $\beta23 = -0.75$ .  
Calculate direct estimation  $Y1 Y2 Y3$  where  $Y_i = X * \beta + u_i + e_i$
2. Then combine the direct estimations  $Y1 Y2 Y3$ , explanatory variables  $X1 X2$ , weight  $w1 w2 w3$ , and sampling varians covarians  $v1 v12 v13 v2 v23 v3$  in a dataframe then named as datamsaeOBns

## Usage

datamsaeOBns

## Format

A data frame with 40 rows and 17 variables:

**Y1** Direct Estimation of Y1  
**Y2** Direct Estimation of Y2  
**Y3** Direct Estimation of Y3  
**X1** Auxiliary variable of X1  
**X2** Auxiliary variable of X2  
**w1** Known proportion of units in small areas of Y1  
**w2** Known proportion of units in small areas of Y2  
**w3** Known proportion of units in small areas of Y3  
**v1** Sampling Variance of Y1  
**v12** Sampling Covariance of Y1 and Y2  
**v13** Sampling Covariance of Y1 and Y3  
**v2** Sampling Variance of Y2  
**v23** Sampling Covariance of Y2 and Y3  
**v3** Sampling Variance of Y3  
**c1** Cluster for Y1  
**c2** Cluster for Y2  
**c3** Cluster for Y3

est\_msaeOB

*EBLUPs Optimum Benchmarking based on a Multivariate Fay Herriot  
(Model 1)*

## Description

This function gives EBLUPs optimum benchmarking based on multivariate Fay-Herriot (Model 1)

## Usage

```
est_msaeOB(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  samevar = FALSE,
  MAXITER = 100,
  PRECISION = 1e-04,
  data
)
```

### Arguments

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted models
vardir	matrix containing sampling variances of direct estimators. The order is: var1, cov12, ..., cov1r, var2, ...
weight	matrix containing proportion of units in small areas. The order is: w1, w2, ..., w(r)
samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

### Value

This function returns a list with following objects:

eblup a list containing a value of estimators

- est.eblup : a dataframe containing EBLUP estimators
- est.eblupOB : a dataframe containing optimum benchmark estimators

fit a list containing following objects:

- method : fitting method, named "REML"
- convergence : logical value of convergence of Fisher Scoring
- iterations : number of iterations of Fisher Scoring algorithm
- estcoef : a data frame containing estimated model coefficients (beta, std. error, t value, p-value)
- refvar : estimated random effect variance

random.effect a data frame containing values of random effect estimators

agregation a data frame containing aggregation of direct, EBLUP, and optimum benchmark estimation

### Examples

```
## load dataset
data(datamsaeOB)

# Compute EBLUP & Optimum Benchmark using auxiliary variables X1 and X2 for each dependent variable

## Using parameter 'data'
Fo = list(f1 = Y1 ~ X1 + X2,
          f2 = Y2 ~ X1 + X2,
          f3 = Y3 ~ X1 + X2)
vardir = c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")
weight = c("w1", "w2", "w3")

est_msae = est_msaeOB(Fo, vardir, weight, data = datamsaeOB)

## Without parameter 'data'
```

```

Fo = list(f1 = datamsaeOB$Y1 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2,
          f2 = datamsaeOB$Y2 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2,
          f3 = datamsaeOB$Y3 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2)
vardir = datamsaeOB[, c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")]
weight = datamsaeOB[, c("w1", "w2", "w3")]

est_msae = est_msaeOB(Fo, vardir, weight)

## Return
est_msae$eblup$est.eblupOB # to see the Optimum Benchmark estimators

```

**est\_msaeOBns**

*EBLUPs Optimum Benchmarking for Non Sampled Area based on a Multivariate Fay Herriot (Model 1)*

## Description

This function gives EBLUPs optimum benchmarking for non sampled area based on multivariate Fay-Herriot (Model 1)

## Usage

```

est_msaeOBns(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  cluster,
  samevar = FALSE,
  MAXITER = 100,
  PRECISION = 1e-04,
  data
)

```

## Arguments

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted models
vardir	matrix containing sampling variances of direct estimators. The order is: var1, cov12, ..., cov1r, var2, cov23, ..., cov2r, ..., cov12r.
weight	matrix containing proportion of units in small areas. The order is: w1, w2, ..., w(r)
cluster	matrix containing cluster of auxiliary variables. The order is: c1, c2, ..., c(r)
samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

## Value

This function returns a list with following objects:

eblup            a list containing a value of estimators

- est.eblup : a dataframe containing EBLUP estimators
- est.eblupOB : a dataframe containing optimum benchmark estimators

fit            a list containing following objects:

- method : fitting method, named "REML"
- convergence : logical value of convergence of Fisher Scoring
- iterations : number of iterations of Fisher Scoring algorithm
- estcoef : a data frame containing estimated model coefficients (beta, std. error, t value, p-value)
- refvar : estimated random effect variance

random.effect    a data frame containing values of random effect estimators

agregation    a data frame containing aggregation of direct, EBLUP, and optimum benchmark estimation

## Examples

```
## load dataset
data(datamsaeOBns)

# Compute EBLUP & Optimum Benchmark using auxiliary variables X1 and X2 for each dependent variable

## Using parameter 'data'
## Not run:
Fo = list(f1 = Y1 ~ X1 + X2,
          f2 = Y2 ~ X1 + X2,
          f3 = Y3 ~ X1 + X2)
vardir = c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")
weight = c("w1", "w2", "w3")
cluster = c("c1", "c2", "c3")

est_msae = est_msaeOBns(Fo, vardir, weight, cluster, data = datamsaeOBns)

## Without parameter 'data'
Fo = list(f1 = datamsaeOBns$Y1 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2,
          f2 = datamsaeOBns$Y2 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2,
          f3 = datamsaeOBns$Y3 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2)
vardir = datamsaeOBns[, c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")]
weight = datamsaeOBns[, c("w1", "w2", "w3")]
cluster = datamsaeOBns[, c("c1", "c2", "c3")]

est_msae = est_msaeOBns(Fo, vardir, weight, cluster)

## Return
est_msae$eblup$est.eblupOB # to see the Optimum Benchmark estimators
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

**est\_saeOB**

*EBLUPs Optimum Benchmarking based on a Univariate Fay-Herriot  
(Model 1)*

## Description

This function gives EBLUPs optimum benchmarking based on univariate Fay-Herriot (model 1)

## Usage

```
est_saeOB(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  samevar = FALSE,
  MAXITER = 100,
  PRECISION = 1e-04,
  data
)
```

## Arguments

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted model
vardir	vector containing sampling variances of direct estimators
weight	vector containing proportion of units in small areas
samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

## Value

This function returns a list with following objects:

**eblup** a list containing a value of estimators

- est.eblup : a dataframe containing EBLUP estimators
- est.eblupOB : a dataframe containing optimum benchmark estimators

**fit** a list containing following objects:

- method : fitting method, named "REML"
- convergence : logical value of convergence of Fisher Scoring

- iterations : number of iterations of Fisher Scoring algorithm
- estcoef : a data frame containing estimated model coefficients (beta, std. error, t value, p-value)
- refvar : estimated random effect variance

random.effect a data frame containing values of random effect estimators  
 aggregation a data frame containing aggregation of direct, EBLUP, and optimum benchmark estimation

## Examples

```
## load dataset
data(datamsaeOB)

# Compute EBLUP & Optimum Benchmark using auxiliary variables X1 and X2 for each dependent variable

## Using parameter 'data'
est_sae = est_saeOB(Y1 ~ X1 + X2, v1, w1, data = datamsaeOB)

## Without parameter 'data'
est_sae = est_saeOB(datamsaeOB$Y1 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2, datamsaeOB$v1, datamsaeOB>w1)

## Return
est_sae$eblup$est.eblupOB # to see the Optimum Benchmark estimators
```

est\_saeOBns

*EBLUPs Optimum Benchmarking for Non Sampled Area based on a Univariate Fay-Herriot (Model 1)*

## Description

This function gives EBLUPs optimum benchmarking for non sampled area based on univariate Fay-Herriot (model 1)

## Usage

```
est_saeOBns(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  cluster,
  samevar = FALSE,
  MAXITER = 100,
  PRECISION = 1e-04,
  data
)
```

### Arguments

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted model
vardir	vector containing sampling variances of direct estimators
weight	vector containing proportion of units in small areas
cluster	vector containing cluster of auxiliary variable
samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

### Value

This function returns a list with following objects:

eblup            a list containing a value of estimators

- est.eblup : a dataframe containing EBLUP estimators
- est.eblupOB : a dataframe containing optimum benchmark estimators

fit              a list containing following objects:

- method : fitting method, named "REML"
- convergence : logical value of convergence of Fisher Scoring
- iterations : number of iterations of Fisher Scoring algorithm
- estcoef : a data frame containing estimated model coefficients (beta, std. error, t value, p-value)
- refvar : estimated random effect variance

random.effect    a data frame containing values of random effect estimators

agregation        a data frame containing aggregation of direct, EBLUP, and optimum benchmark estimation

### Examples

```
## load dataset
data(datamsaeOBns)

# Compute EBLUP & Optimum Benchmark using auxiliary variables X1 and X2 for each dependent variable

## Using parameter 'data'
est_sae = est_saeOBns(Y1 ~ X1 + X2, v1, w1, c1, data = datamsaeOBns)

## Without parameter 'data'
est_sae = est_saeOBns(datamsaeOBns$Y1 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2,
datamsaeOBns$v1, datamsaeOBns$w1, datamsaeOBns$c1)

## Return
est_sae$eblup$est.eblupOB # to see the Optimum Benchmark estimators
```

---

mse\_msaeOB*Parametric Bootstrap Mean Squared Error Estimators of Optimum Benchmarking for Multivariate Small Area Estimation*

---

## Description

Calculates the parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of optimum benchmarking for multivariate small area estimation

## Usage

```
mse_msaeOB(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  samevar = FALSE,
  B = 100,
  MAXITER = 100,
  PRECISION = 1e-04,
  data
)
```

## Arguments

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted models
vardir	matrix containing sampling variances of direct estimators. The order is: var1, cov12, ..., cov1r, var2, cov21, ..., cov2r, ..., covrr
weight	matrix containing proportion of units in small areas. The order is: w1, w2, ..., w(r)
samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
B	number of bootstrap. Default is 1000
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

## Value

<code>mse.eblup</code>	estimated mean squared errors of the EBLUPs for the small domains based on Prasad Rao
<code>pbmse.eblupOB</code>	parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of the optimum benchmark
<code>running.time</code>	time for running function

## Examples

```

## load dataset
data(datamsaeOB)

# Compute MSE EBLUP and Optimum Benchmark
# This is the long running example
## Using parameter 'data'
Fo = list(f1 = Y1 ~ X1 + X2,
          f2 = Y2 ~ X1 + X2,
          f3 = Y3 ~ X1 + X2)
vardir = c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")
weight = c("w1", "w2", "w3")

mse_msae = mse_msaeOB(Fo, vardir, weight, data = datamsaeOB)

## Without parameter 'data'
Fo = list(f1 = datamsaeOB$Y1 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2,
          f2 = datamsaeOB$Y2 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2,
          f3 = datamsaeOB$Y3 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2)
vardir = datamsaeOB[, c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")]
weight = datamsaeOB[, c("w1", "w2", "w3")]

mse_msae = mse_msaeOB(Fo, vardir, weight)

## Return
mse_msae$pbmse.eblupOB # to see the MSE of Optimum Benchmark

```

**mse\_msaeOBns**

*Parametric Bootstrap Mean Squared Error Estimators of Optimum Benchmarking for Multivariate Non Sampled Area in Small Area Estimation*

## Description

Calculates the parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of optimum benchmarking for multivariate non sampled area in small area estimation

## Usage

```

mse_msaeOBns(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  cluster,
  samevar = FALSE,
  B = 100,
  MAXITER = 100,

```

```

PRECISION = 1e-04,
data
)

```

## Arguments

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted models
vardir	matrix containing sampling variances of direct estimators. The order is: var1, cov12, ..., cov1r, var2, ...
weight	matrix containing proportion of units in small areas. The order is: w1, w2, ..., w(r)
cluster	matrix containing cluster of auxiliary variables. The order is: c1, c2, ..., c(r)
samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
B	number of bootstrap. Default is 1000
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

## Value

mse.eblup	estimated mean squared errors of the EBLUPs for the small domains based on Prasad Rao
pbmse.eblupOB	parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of the optimum benchmark
running.time	time for running function

## Examples

```

## load dataset
data(datamsaeOBns)

# Compute MSE EBLUP and Optimum Benchmark
# This is the long running example
## Using parameter 'data'
Fo = list(f1 = Y1 ~ X1 + X2,
          f2 = Y2 ~ X1 + X2,
          f3 = Y3 ~ X1 + X2)
vardir = c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")
weight = c("w1", "w2", "w3")
cluster = c("c1", "c2", "c3")

mse_msae = mse_msaeOBns(Fo, vardir, weight, cluster, data = datamsaeOBns)

## Without parameter 'data'
Fo = list(f1 = datamsaeOBns$Y1 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2,
          f2 = datamsaeOBns$Y2 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2,
          f3 = datamsaeOBns$Y3 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2)
vardir = datamsaeOBns[, c("v1", "v12", "v13", "v2", "v23", "v3")]
weight = datamsaeOBns[, c("w1", "w2", "w3")]
cluster = datamsaeOBns[, c("c1", "c2", "c3")]

```

```

mse_msae = mse_msaeOBns(Fo, vardir, weight, cluster)

## Return
mse_msae$pbmse.eblupOB # to see the MSE of Optimum Benchmark

```

**mse\_saeOB**

*Parametric Bootstrap Mean Squared Error Estimators of Optimum Benchmarking for Univariate Small Area Estimation*

**Description**

Calculates the parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of optimum benchmarking for univariate small area estimation

**Usage**

```

mse_saeOB(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  samevar = FALSE,
  B = 100,
  MAXITER = 100,
  PRECISION = 1e-04,
  data
)

```

**Arguments**

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted model
vardir	vector containing sampling variances of direct estimators
weight	vector containing proportion of units in small areas
samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
B	number of bootstrap. Default is 1000
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

**Value**

<b>mse.eblup</b>	estimated mean squared errors of the EBLUPs for the small domains based on Prasad Rao
<b>pbmse.eblupOB</b>	parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of the optimum benchmark

**running.time** time for running function

## Examples

```

## load dataset
data(datamsaeOB)

# Compute MSE EBLUP and Optimum Benchmark

## Using parameter 'data'
mse_sae = mse_saeOB(Y1 ~ X1 + X2, v1, w1, data = datamsaeOB)

## Without parameter 'data'
mse_sae = mse_saeOB(datamsaeOB$Y1 ~ datamsaeOB$X1 + datamsaeOB$X2, datamsaeOB$v1, datamsaeOB>w1)

## Return
mse_sae$pbmse.eblupOB # to see the MSE Optimum Benchmark estimators

```

**mse\_saeOBns**

*Parametric Bootstrap Mean Squared Error Estimators of Optimum Benchmarking for Univariate Non Sampled Area in Small Area Estimation*

## Description

Calculates the parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of optimum benchmarking for univariate non sampled area in small area estimation

## Usage

```

mse_saeOBns(
  formula,
  vardir,
  weight,
  cluster,
  samevar = FALSE,
  B = 100,
  MAXITER = 100,
  PRECISION = 1e-04,
  data
)

```

## Arguments

formula	an object of class list of formula describe the fitted model
vardir	vector containing sampling variances of direct estimators
weight	vector containing proportion of units in small areas
cluster	vector containing cluster of auxiliary variable

samevar	logical. If TRUE, the varians is same. Default is FALSE
B	number of bootstrap. Default is 1000
MAXITER	maximum number of iterations for Fisher-scoring. Default is 100
PRECISION	coverage tolerance limit for the Fisher Scoring algorithm. Default value is 1e-4
data	dataframe containing the variables named in formula, vardir, and weight

**Value**

<i>mse.eblup</i>	estimated mean squared errors of the EBLUPs for the small domains based on Prasad Rao
<i>pbmse.eblupOB</i>	parametric bootstrap mean squared error estimates of the optimum benchmark
<i>running.time</i>	time for running function

**Examples**

```

## load dataset
data(datamsaeOBns)

# Compute MSE EBLUP and Optimum Benchmark

## Using parameter 'data'
mse_sae = mse_saeOBns(Y1 ~ X1 + X2, v1, w1, c1, data = datamsaeOBns)

## Without parameter 'data'
mse_sae = mse_saeOBns(datamsaeOBns$Y1 ~ datamsaeOBns$X1 + datamsaeOBns$X2,
datamsaeOBns$v1, datamsaeOBns$w1, datamsaeOBns$c1)

## Return
mse_sae$pbmse.eblupOB # to see the MSE Optimum Benchmark estimators

```

# Index

## \* datasets

datamsae0B, [2](#)  
datamsae0Bns, [3](#)

datamsae0B, [2](#)  
datamsae0Bns, [3](#)

est\_msae0B, [4](#)  
est\_msae0Bns, [6](#)  
est\_sae0B, [8](#)  
est\_sae0Bns, [9](#)

mse\_msae0B, [11](#)  
mse\_msae0Bns, [12](#)  
mse\_sae0B, [14](#)  
mse\_sae0Bns, [15](#)