

Package ‘ocomposition’

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Type Package

Title Regression for Rank-Indexed Compositional Data

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Description Regression model where the response variable is a rank-indexed compositional vector (non-negative values that sum up to one and are ordered from the largest to the smallest). Parameters are estimated in the Bayesian framework using MCMC methods.

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Depends R (>= 3.2.1), coda, bayesm

LazyLoad yes

NeedsCompilation no

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R topics documented:

data	2
fitcomp	2
negbinom	3
plot.comphat	4
predict.composition	4
summary.composition	5

Index

6

data	<i>Example data</i>
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Description

CSES data (modules I-III). The response variable is a matrix of party vote-shares across democracies. The covariate is the average number of electoral districts in a country.

Usage

```
data(data)
```

Format

A list of vote-shares and the list of average electoral districts.

Source

www.cses.org

fitcomp	<i>Gibbs sampler for parameter estimation</i>
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Description

The main regression function for compositional rank-index data. For units $i = 1, \dots, n$, the response variable is vector (y_{i1}, \dots, y_{in}) , where $\sum_j y_{ij} = 1$ and $y_{i1} \geq y_{i2} \geq \dots \geq y_{in}$ for all i and $y_{ij} \in [0, 1]$ for all i and j . The regression model has two parts: a truncated negative binomial model for the count of non-zero components and a set of seemingly unrelated t regressions for the compositions. See References for further details.

Usage

```
fitcomp(data.v, data.x, n.formula, v.formula, l.bound = 1,
n.sample = 100, burn = 0, thin = 1, init = NULL)
```

Arguments

data.v	Matrix of compositional data: rows for units and columns for components. Rows must add up to 1; if not, they are automatically rescaled. NA values turned into 0 automatically. Ordering done automatically.
data.x	Data frame with covariates, missing values not allowed.
n.formula	formula for the number of components: e.g., $\sim x1 + x2 + \text{factor}(z)$.
v.formula	formula for the size of components: e.g., $\sim x1 + x2$.

l.bound	lower bound for the negative binomial regression; must be greater or equal to 1; default = 1.
n.sample	number of samples you want to have after burn-in and thinning; default 100
burn	number of burn-in samples; default 0
thin	thinning of the MCMC chain; default 1
init	initial parameters; not required

Value

g	samples of gamma coefficients for the multivariate regression model
b	posterior samples of the coefficients for the negative binomial regression
mu	hyperparameters for gamma coefficients
rho	shrinkage hyperparameters for gamma coefficients
Sigma	posterior samples of the covariance matrix
nu	degrees of freedom for the Student's t distribution

References

Rozenas, Arturas (2012) 'A Statistical Model for Party Systems Analysis', *Political Analysis*, 2(20), p.235-247.

Examples

```
data(data)
out <- fitcomp(data$v, data$m, ~ log(m), ~ log(m) + log(n), n.sample = 50)
summary(out)

# predict distribution of votes in a country with 5-member median district

v.hat <- predict(out, data.frame(m=5))
plot(v.hat)
```

Description

Distribution function of truncated negative binomial distribution and random draws from the distribution (uses rejection sampling).

Usage

```
dtnegbin(x, mu, dispersion, l.bound)
rtnegbin(N, mu, dispersion, l.bound)
```

Arguments

x	value at which density is evaluated
mu	mean of the distribution
dispersion	dispersion parameter
l.bound	the lower bound of truncation
N	Number of draws

plot.comphat

*Plot predicted composition.***Description**

Plots predicted components with 95% confidence intervals.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'comphat'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Object of class comphat generated by predict.composition.
...	

predict.composition

*Predicted compositional vector***Description**

Computes the predicted composition given a vector of covariates newdata.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'composition'
predict(object, newdata, n.method = "median", l.bound = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Object of class composition from the previous call offitcomp.
newdata	data.frame of predictors.
n.method	If "median" (default), then the number of components is set to the median of the truncated negative binomial distribution, conditional on the estimated parameters; alternatively, it can be set to "mode."
l.bound	Set the lower bound for predicted number of components. If NULL (default), then l.bound is taken from the composition object.
...	additional arguments

Value

Matrix of predicted probabilities of for each component. Rows are MCMC iterations and columns are the components.

`summary.composition` *Summary function*

Description

Summarizes the basic properties of the MCMC output: means, standard deviations, MCMC errors, and Heidel convergence diagnostics.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'composition'  
summary(object, individual = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	MCMC output list member of class <code>composition</code> , generated by call to <code>fitcomp</code> .
<code>individual</code>	Integer from 1 to the number of components in data. Outputs summary for that component; if <code>NULL</code> , then outputs summaries of the hyperparameters.
<code>...</code>	...

Index

*Topic **\text{asciidekwd1}**

plot.comphat, 4
predict.composition, 4
summary.composition, 5

*Topic **\text{asciidekwd2}**

plot.comphat, 4
predict.composition, 4
summary.composition, 5

*Topic **compositional**

fitcomp, 2

*Topic **datasets**

data, 2

*Topic **multivariate response**

fitcomp, 2

data, 2

dtnegbin (negbinom), 3

fitcomp, 2

negbinom, 3

plot.comphat, 4

predict.composition, 4

rtnegbin (negbinom), 3

summary.composition, 5